

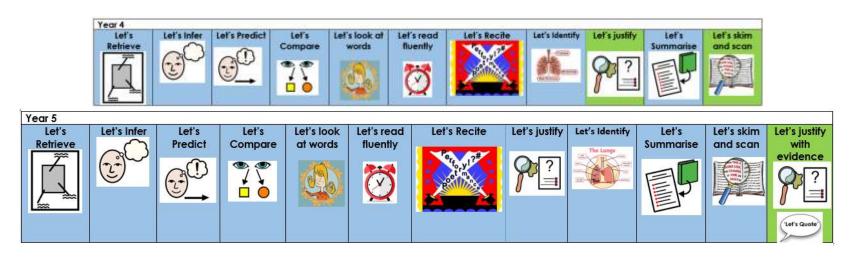
## English Curriculum 2023/24 Year 4/5

#### Literature breadth of study:

**Y4:** They should listen to and discuss a wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks. increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including fairy stories, myths and legends, and retelling some of these orally. They should read books that are structured in different ways and read for a range of purposes.

**Y5:** They should **c**ontinue to read and discuss an increasingly wide range of fiction, poetry, plays, non-fiction and reference books or textbooks. Increasing their familiarity with a wide range of books, including myths, legends and traditional stories, modern fiction, fiction from our literary heritage, and books from other cultures and traditions. They should read books that are structured in different ways and read for a range of purposes. They should recommend books they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices.

#### **Reading Skills**



		Autumn	Term	
UNIT 1 Autumn 1 3 weeks	Year 5 Spelling	Year 5 Reading	Year 5 Writing	Year 5 Punctuation and Grammar
Stories with Global Issues: Refugees	Use further prefixes and suffixes and	Identifying and discussing themes and conventions in and across a wide range of writing.	In narratives, describe settings, characters and atmosphere.	Ensure the consistent and correct use of verb tense throughout a piece of writing.
Wisp 🛻	understand the guidance for adding them eg.	Drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings,	Short sentences for atmosphere	
Hofe Level and Later	dis, de, mis, over, re, super, anti, sub, inter, auto etc.	thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence.	The dark sky. The silver moon. The menacing howl.	
Text type: Narrative in first person.		Apply their knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes to read aloud and to understand new words.	Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.	
		Check that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context.		
Vocabulary	Year 4 Spelling	Year 4 Reading	Year 4 Writing	Year 4 Punctuation and Grammar
Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2	Use further prefixes and suffixes and	Identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of books.	In narratives, creating settings, characters and plot.	Fronted adverbials [for example, Later that day, I heard the bad news.]
accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing	understand how to add them eg	Drawing inferences such as	Write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that includes	Use of commas after fronted adverbial
and reading. Y4: determiner pronoun, possessive pronoun	ation.	inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences	words and punctuation taught so far.	Standard English forms for verb inflections instead of local spoken forms [for example, we were instead of
adverbial Y5: modal verb, relative		with evidence.	Composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively	we was, or I did instead of I done]
pronoun relative clause parenthesis, bracket, dash cohesion, ambiguity		Check that the book makes sense to them, discussing their understanding and exploring the meaning of words in context.	building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures.	Extend the range of sentences with more than one clause by using a wider range of conjunctions.

		Apply knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes to read aloud and to understand the meaning of new words.	Many Questions Set of three consecutive questions. Who was he? Where was he from? What does he want? Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.	
UNIT 2	Year 5 Spelling	Year 5 Reading	Year 5 Writing	Year 5 Punctuation and Grammar
Autumn 1 3 weeks				
<text><text></text></text>	Some words with 'silent' letters [for example, knight, psalm, solemn]	<ul> <li>Making comparisons within and across books.</li> <li>Drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence</li> <li>Provide reasoned justifications for their views.</li> <li>Apply their knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes to read aloud and to understand new words.</li> </ul>	In narratives, describe settings, characters and atmosphere. Select appropriate grammar and vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and enhance meaning. Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.	Use expanded noun phrases to convey complicated information concisely.
Vocabulary	Year 4 Spelling	Year 4 Reading	Year 4 Writing	Year 4 Punctuation and Grammar
Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading.	Spell words that are often misspelt.	Drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence	Composing and rehearsing sentences orally (including dialogue), progressively building a varied and rich vocabulary and an increasing range of sentence structures.	Noun phrases expanded by the addition of modifying adjectives, nouns and preposition phrases (e.g. the teacher expanded to: the strict maths teacher with curly hair).

Y4: determiner pronoun, possessive pronoun adverbial Y5: modal verb, relative pronoun relative clause parenthesis, bracket, dash cohesion, ambiguity		Apply their knowledge of root words, prefixes and suffixes to read aloud and to understand new words. Read further exception words, noting the unusual correspondences between spelling and sound, and where these occur in a word.	Emotion word, (comma) sentence Emotion word, (comma) sentences begin with a feeling word followed by a_(comma), followed by a_(comma), formulation word followed by a_(comma), formulation by a feeling word followed by a formulation for help. Terrified, she fraze instantly on the spot where she stood. In narratives, create settings, characters and plot. Write from memory simple sentences, dictated by the teacher, that includes words and punctuation taught so far. Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.	Apostrophes to mark plural possession [for example, the girl's name, the girls' names]
UNIT 3	Year 5 Spelling	Year 5 Reading	Year 5 Writing	Year 5 Punctuation and Grammar
Autumn 1 2 weeks				
<image/> <image/> <text></text>	Continue to distinguish between homophones and other words which are often confused.	Discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader	<ul> <li>Plan, Draft, Edit, Proof-read</li> <li>Note and develop initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary</li> <li>Assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing</li> <li>Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning</li> <li>Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors</li> <li>Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.</li> </ul>	Understand different punctuation conventions in poetry.

Vocabulary	Year 4 Spelling	Year 4 Reading	Year 4 Writing	Year 4 Punctuation and Grammar
Use and understand the	Spell further	Recognise some different forms	Plan, Draft, Edit, Proof-read	Understand different punctuation
grammatical terminology in	homophones.	of poetry [for example, free	Discuss and record ideas	conventions in poetry.
English Appendix 2		verse, narrative poetry]		
accurately and appropriately			Assess the effectiveness of their own	
when discussing their writing		Discuss words and phrases that	and others' writing	
and reading.		capture the reader's interest and		
Y4: determiner pronoun,		imagination.	Propose changes to vocabulary,	
possessive pronoun			grammar and punctuation to improve	
adverbial			consistency, including the accurate use	
Y5: modal verb, relative			of pronouns in sentences.	
pronoun relative clause				
parenthesis, bracket, dash			Proof-read for spelling and punctuation	
cohesion, ambiguity			errors	
			Discuss writing similar to that which	
			they are planning to write in order to	
			understand and learn from its structure,	
			vocabulary and grammar	
			Learn new vocabulary and	
			apply to their own writing.	

### 6<sup>th</sup> October National Poetry Day – Poetry Festival: 'The Witches' Spell' by William Shakespeare

Y5: Learn a wider range of poetry by heart. Preparing poems and plays to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone and volume so that the meaning is clear to an audience.

Y4: Preparing poems and play scripts to read aloud and to perform, showing understanding through intonation, tone, volume and action.

UNIT 4	Year 5 Spelling	Year 5 Reading	Year 5 Writing	Year 5 Punctuation and Grammar
Autumn 2 4 weeks				
Information Texts	Continue to	Summarising the main ideas	Using further organisational and	Relative clauses beginning with who,
	distinguish	drawn from more than one	presentational devices to structure text	which, where, when, whose, that, or an
	between	paragraph, identifying key	and to guide the reader [for example,	omitted relative pronoun
	homophones and	details that support the main	headings, bullet points, underlining]	
	other words	ideas.		Brackets, dashes or commas to indicate
	which are often			parenthesis.
	confused.			

Text Type: Non- chronological Reports		Identifying how language, structure and presentation contribute to meaning. Retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction. Ask questions to improve their understanding.	Devices to build cohesion within a paragraph and link ideas across paragraphs. identifying the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form and using other similar writing as models for their own Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.	Noun, which/where/who Noun, which/where/who sentences begin with a noun then a comma followed by which or where or who noun, (comma) Cakes, which taste fontastic, are not so good for your health. Mr. Tims, who is my favourite teacher, is leaving the school soon.
Vocabulary	Year 4 Spelling	Year 4 Reading	Year 4 Writing	Year 4 Punctuation and Grammar
Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading. Y4: determiner pronoun, possessive pronoun adverbial Y5: modal verb, relative pronoun relative clause parenthesis, bracket, dash cohesion, ambiguity	Spell further homophones.	Identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these. Retrieve and record information from non-fiction Ask questions to improve their understanding.	In non-narrative material, using simple organisational devices [for example, headings and sub-headings]. Organising paragraphs around a theme. Discuss writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.	Understand what a determiner is a word that comes before the noun phrase. They tell us whether the noun phrase is specific or general.
UNIT 5 Autumn 2 3 weeks	Year 5 Spelling	Year 5 Reading	Year 5 Writing	Year 5 Punctuation and Grammar
Stories by a Significant Author	Spell words with -tial and -cial endings.	Drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence.	Plan, Draft, Edit, Proof-read Note and develop initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary	Relative clauses beginning with who, which, where, when, whose, that, or an omitted relative pronoun

<image/> <image/>		<text><text><text></text></text></text>	<text><text><text><text><text><text><text></text></text></text></text></text></text></text>	Brackets, dashes or commas to indicate parenthesis.
Vecabulary	Vear 4 Spelling	Vear 4 Reading	Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.	Year 4 Punctuation and Grammar
Vocabulary Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately	Year 4 Spelling Spell possessive apostrophe with plural words	Year 4 Reading Predict what might happen from details stated and implied	Year 4 Writing In narratives, creating settings, characters and plot. Plan, Draft, Edit, Proof-read Discuss and record ideas	Appropriate choice of pronoun or noun within and across sentences to aid cohesion and avoid repetition

when discussing their writing		Discuss words and phrases that		Know	what perso	onal and	possessive
and reading.		capture the reader's interest and	Assess the effectiveness of their own			ouns are.	
Y4: determiner pronoun,		imagination	and others' writing	(i)	194	mine	myself
possessive pronoun				gr	a gue	yours	yourself
adverbial		Read aloud their own writing, to	Propose changes to vocabulary,	'n	e him	his	himself
Y5: modal verb, relative		a group or the whole class, using	grammar and punctuation to improve	st	e her	hers	herself
pronoun relative clause		appropriate intonation and	consistency, including the accurate use		it	(not-used)	itself
parenthesis, bracket, dash		controlling the tone and volume	of pronouns in sentences.		e 35	aurs	ourselves
cohesion, ambiguity		so that the meaning is clear.		91		yours	unurselves
			Proof-read for spelling and punctuation	9.	ena il l'ozena	theirs	themselves
		Identifying themes and conventions in a wide range of	errors	0	at inter-	- stature	Treatmenter
		books.	Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.	accurate [for exar	nple, girls <sup>4</sup> regular pl	s with re ', boys'] a urals [foi	ostrophe gular plura and in word r example,
			Repeating Word		child	dren's]	
			The amber stones	The gra	mmatical	differen	ce betweer
			were bright, bright like	ł	olural and	possessiv	ve —s
			the flames of the fire.				
<b>Reading Spine</b> On the Move by Michael Ro The Journey by Francesca S							
· · · ·							
The Green Knight – myths/l							
Diver's Daughter – A Tudor	Tale						
Moth – An Evolution Story	at a size for						
Star Stories – constellation	stories from aroun	a the world					
It Started with a Big Bang							
Non-fiction: India, Incredibl							
A range of fairy tales, myth	s and legends.						
		Spring	Term				
			··· -····	I			
UNIT 6	Year 5 Spelling	Year 5 Reading	Year 5 Writing	Year S	5 Punctuat	tion and	Grammar

Information Texts Storeheader Storeheader Storeheader Storeheader Storeheader Storeheader Storeheader Storeheader Text type: Explanations Text type: Explanations Vocabulary Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading. Y4: determiner pronoun, possessive pronoun adverbial Y5: modal verb, relative pronoun relative clause parenthesis, bracket, dash	Use dictionaries to check the spelling and meaning of words. Use the first three or four letters of a word to check spelling, meaning or both of these in a dictionary. Use a thesaurus <b>Year 4 Spelling</b> Use the first two or three letters of a word to check its spelling in a dictionary.	Summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas. Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary Retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction Ask questions to improve their understanding. <u>Year 4 Reading</u> Using dictionaries to check the meaning of words that they have read. Identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these. Ask questions to improve their understanding.	<ul> <li>Plan, Draft, Edit, Proof-read</li> <li>Note and develop initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary</li> <li>Assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing</li> <li>Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning</li> <li>Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors</li> <li>Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.</li> <li>Year 4 Writing</li> <li>Plan, Draft, Edit, Proof-read</li> <li>Discuss and record ideas</li> <li>Assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing</li> <li>Propose changes to vocabulary, and apply to their own writing.</li> </ul>	Use of a full range of punctuation.
possessive pronoun adverbial Y5: modal verb, relative		Ask questions to improve their	grammar and punctuation to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences. Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors Learn new vocabulary and	
UNIT 7	Year 5 Spelling	Year 5 Reading	apply to their own writing. Year 5 Writing	Year 5 Punctuation and Grammar

Spring 1 2 weeks				
Information Texts	Spell words with -ant, -ance, -ent, -ence endings.	-ant, -ance, -ent, drawn from more than one	Plan, Draft, Edit, Proof-read Note and develop initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary	Indicating degrees of possibility using adverbs [for example, perhaps, surely] or modal verbs [for example, might, should, will, must]
		Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have	Assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing	Modal Verbs to Show Possibility Show Possibility
A Productions		read, including through formal presentations and debates,	Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance	might rarely must perhaps
Text type: Guidebooks		maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary	effects and clarify meaning	could maybe would probably
		Retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction	Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors	will generally may usually
		Ask questions to improve their understanding.	Select appropriate grammar and vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and enhance meaning. Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.	
Vocabulary	Year 4 Spelling	Year 4 Reading	Year 4 Writing	Year 4 Punctuation and Grammar
Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading. Y4: determiner pronoun, possessive pronoun adverbial Y5: modal verb, relative pronoun relative clause	Spell words with -sure and -ture endings.	Retrieve and record information from non-fiction Identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these. Ask questions to improve their understanding.	Plan, Draft, Edit, Proof-readDiscuss and record ideasAssess the effectiveness of their own and others' writingPropose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences.	Use adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause.

parenthesis, bracket, dash			Proof-read for spelling and punctuation	
cohesion, ambiguity			errors	
			Learn new vocabulary and	
			apply to their own writing.	
UNIT 8	Year 5 Spelling	Year 5 Reading	Year 5 Writing	Year 5 Punctuation and Grammar
Spring 2 5 weeks				
Stories from our Literary	Spell words with	Drawing inferences such as	In narratives, describing settings,	Devices to build cohesion within a
Heritage	-cious and -tious	inferring characters' feelings,	characters and atmosphere and	paragraph [for example, then, after
a de la companya de l	endings.	thoughts and motives from their	integrating dialogue to convey	that, this, firstly] Linking ideas across
		actions, and justifying inferences	character and advance the action	paragraphs using adverbials of time
NARNIA		with evidence		[for example, later], place [for example,
WWW TO A		Duravida na sanadiyatifizationa	In writing narrative, consider how	nearby] and number [for example,
WARDEN A		Provide reasoned justifications for their views.	authors have developed characters and settings in what pupils have read,	secondly] or tense choices [for example, he had seen her before]
the second s		for their views.	listened to or seen performed.	example, he had seen her beforej
		Predicting what might happen	listened to of seen performed.	Use of commas to clarify meaning or
Text type: Narrative in first person		from details stated and implied	Ave Box year	avoid ambiguity
inst person			De; De sentences	AVE HER THORE
			(Description; Details)	19 <b>6</b> Use semi-colons to mark
			A De ; De sentence has 2 parts.	boundaries between two independent
			The <u>Eat part</u> gives a description, the <u>2nd</u> gives further details. The 2 parts are separated by a	clauses
			service of the servic	
			Snalls are slow; they take hours to move the shortest of distances.	
			Plan, Draft, Edit, Proof-read	
			Note and develop initial ideas, drawing	
			on reading and research where	
			necessary	
			Assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing	

			Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.	
Vocabulary	Year 4 Spelling	Year 4 Reading	Year 4 Writing	Year 4 Punctuation and Grammar
Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading. Y4: determiner pronoun, possessive pronoun adverbial Y5: modal verb, relative pronoun relative clause parenthesis, bracket, dash cohesion, ambiguity	Spell words with the -ous ending.	Drawing inferences such as inferring characters' feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, and justifying inferences with evidence Predicting what might happen from details stated and implied	<ul> <li>Plan, Draft, Edit, Proof-read Discuss and record ideas</li> <li>Assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing</li> <li>Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences.</li> <li>Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors</li> <li>Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.</li> </ul>	Use of inverted commas and other punctuation to indicate direct speech [for example, a comma after the reporting clause; end punctuation within inverted commas: The conductor shouted, "Sit down!"]
	Poet	ry Festival: The Listen	ers by Walter De La Mare	
		clear to an		
	y by heart. Preparing	poems and plays to read aloud and to p clear to an	apply to their own writing. ers by Walter De La Mare erform, showing understanding through intonat	



**Reading Spine** The Giant's Necklace by Michael Morpurgo

The Tempest by William Shakespeare

Non-fiction: What it's like to be a Bird

# The Magic Box by Kit Wright – poetry Matilda – Classic Fiction Poetry: Tiger, Tiger, Burning Bright: An Animal Poem for Every Day of the Year A range of fairy tales, myths and legends Summer Term UNIT 9 Year 5 Spelling

UNIT 9	Year 5 Spelling	Year 5 Reading	Year 5 Writing	Year 5 Punctuation and Grammar
Summer 1 3 weeks				
Stories from Different Cultures	Convert nouns or adjectives into verbs using suffixes [for example, –ate; – ise; –ify]	Provide reasoned justifications for their views. Discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader	In narratives, describing settings, characters and atmosphere and integrating dialogue to convey character and advance the action <b>Plan, Draft, Edit, Proof-read</b> Note and develop initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary Assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance	Devices to build cohesion within a paragraph [for example, then, after that, this, firstly] Linking ideas across paragraphs using adverbials of time [for example, later], place [for example, nearby] and number [for example, nearby] and number [for example, secondly] or tense choices [for example, he had seen her before] 3 bad-(dash) question? 3 bad-(dash) question? and then a question relating to the adjectives. 3 negative adjectives and then a question relating to the adjectives.
			effects and clarify meaning Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors Learn new vocabulary and	Greed, jealousy, hatred- which of these was John's worst trait? Thirst, heatstroke, exhaustion-which would kill him first? Commas to clarify meaning or avoid ambiguity
			apply to their own writing.	
Vocabulary	Year 4 Spelling	Year 4 Reading	Year 4 Writing	Year 4 Punctuation and Grammar
Use and understand the	Spell words with	Discuss writing similar to that	Plan, Draft, Edit, Proof-read	Appropriate choice of pronoun or noun
grammatical terminology in	-sion, -tion, -	which they are planning to write	Discuss and record ideas	within and across sentences to aid
English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately	ssion, -cian endings.	in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary		cohesion and avoid repetition
accurately and appropriately	enuings.	and grammar	Assess the effectiveness of their own	
			and others' writing	

when discussing their writing and reading. Y4: determiner pronoun, possessive pronoun adverbial Y5: modal verb, relative pronoun relative clause parenthesis, bracket, dash cohesion, ambiguity			Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences. Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.	
UNIT 10 Summer 1 4 weeks	Year 5 Spelling	Year 5 Reading	Year 5 Writing	Year 5 Punctuation and Grammar
Using poetic forms to tell a narrative: haiku, etc.	Spell words with -able and -ible endings. Spell words with -ably and -ibly endings.	Discuss and evaluate how authors use language, including figurative language, considering the impact on the reader	<ul> <li>Plan, Draft, Edit, Proof-read</li> <li>Note and develop initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary</li> <li>Assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing</li> <li>Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning</li> <li>Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors</li> <li>Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.</li> </ul>	Use hyphens to avoid ambiguity
Vocabulary	Year 4 Spelling	Year 4 Reading	Year 4 Writing	Year 4 Punctuation and Grammar
Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately	Spell words with French, Latin and Greek origins.	Recognising some different forms of poetry [for example, free verse, narrative poetry]	Plan, Draft, Edit, Proof-read Discuss and record ideas	Use a full range of punctuation accurately.

when discussing their writing and reading. Y4: determiner pronoun, possessive pronoun adverbial Y5: modal verb, relative pronoun relative clause parenthesis, bracket, dash cohesion, ambiguity	See spelling guidance.	Discuss words and phrases that capture the reader's interest and imagination.	Assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences. Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors Discuss writing similar to that which they are planning to write in order to understand and learn from its structure, vocabulary and grammar Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.	
UNIT 11	Year 5 Spelling	Year 5 Reading	Year 5 Writing	Year 5 Punctuation and Grammar
Summer 2 3 weeks				
Texts with Global Issues:         Climate Change         Climate Change         Output         Output         Text type: Persuasive text         - Speeches	Spell words with the letter string 'ough'.	Summarising the main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph, identifying key details that support the main ideas. Explain and discuss their understanding of what they have read, including through formal presentations and debates, maintaining a focus on the topic and using notes where necessary Retrieve, record and present information from non-fiction	<ul> <li>Plan, Draft, Edit, Proof-read</li> <li>Note and develop initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary</li> <li>Assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing</li> <li>Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning</li> <li>Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors</li> <li>Precis longer passages</li> </ul>	Indicating degrees of possibility using adverbs [for example, perhaps, surely] or modal verbs [for example, might, should, will, must] Ensuring correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural, distinguishing between the language of speech and writing and choosing the appropriate register

		Distinguish between fact and opinion.	Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.	
Vocabulary	Year 4 Spelling	Year 4 Reading	Year 4 Writing	Year 4 Punctuation and Grammar
Use and understand the grammatical terminology in English Appendix 2 accurately and appropriately when discussing their writing and reading. Y4: determiner pronoun, possessive pronoun adverbial Y5: modal verb, relative pronoun relative clause parenthesis, bracket, dash cohesion, ambiguity	Spell words with ei, eigh, ey.	Retrieve and record information from non-fiction Identifying main ideas drawn from more than one paragraph and summarising these. Ask questions to improve their understanding.	<ul> <li>Plan, Draft, Edit, Proof-read Discuss and record ideas</li> <li>Assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing</li> <li>Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences.</li> <li>Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors</li> </ul>	Use adverbs and prepositions to express time and cause.
			Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.	
UNIT 12 Summer 2 3 weeks	Year 5 Spelling	Year 5 Reading	Year 5 Writing	Year 5 Punctuation and Grammar

Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors	
Learn new vocabulary and apply to their own writing.	
Year 4 Writing	Year 4 Punctuation and Grammar
<ul> <li>Plan, Draft, Edit, Proof-read Discuss and record ideas</li> <li>Assess the effectiveness of their own and others' writing</li> <li>Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to improve consistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences.</li> <li>Proof-read for spelling and punctuation errors</li> </ul>	Fronted adverbials [for example, Later that day, I heard the bad news.] Use of commas after fronted adverbials
cc	Propose changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to improve onsistency, including the accurate use of pronouns in sentences.



Y5: participate in discussions about books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, building on their own and others' ideas and challenging views courteously recommending books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices. Recommend books that they have read to their peers, giving reasons for their choices.

Y4: participate in discussion about both books that are read to them and those they can read for themselves, taking turns and listening to what others say.

Handwriting	<ul> <li>Y4: Pupils should be taught to:</li> <li>Use the diagonal and horizontal strokes that are needed to join letters and understand which letters, when adjacent to one another, are best left unjoined.</li> <li>Increase the legibility, consistency and quality of their handwriting [for example, by ensuring that the downstrokes of letters are parallel and equidistant; that lines of writing are spaced sufficiently so that the ascenders and descenders of letters do not touch].</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Y5: Pupils should be taught to:</li> <li>Write legibly, fluently and with increasing speed by: choosing which shape of a letter to use when given choices and deciding whether or not to join specific letters and choosing the writing implement that is best suited for a task.</li> </ul>